

◆ 答えはすべて解答用紙に記入してください。

- I. A. Mike と Jane の短い会話があり、続いて会話の内容についての質問があります。質問の答えとしてふさわしいものを A～Dの中から一つ選び、記号で答えてください。まずはじめに練習をします。

例 Mike: You know, Jane, our teacher's birthday is tomorrow. I think our class should give her a present.

Jane: Yes, I do too. I think some roses would be nice.

Question: What does Jane think the class should do for their teacher?

(以下の設問では会話と質問は書かれていません。)

そして問題用紙に、

- A. Give her a picture.
- B. Present her with a photograph.
- C. Give her some flowers.
- D. Have a party.

とあれば、会話の内容から考えて、質問の正しい答えとなるのはCですから、解答欄にCと書きます。朗読は1回、解答の時間も短いので、注意して聴いてください。それでは、始めます。

1. A. He should get food for the party.
B. He should get paper cups.
C. He should get paper plates and food.
D. He should get paper plates and drinks.
2. A. She wants Mike to play the piano.
B. She wants Mike to teach her a song.
C. She wants Mike to practice the piano.
D. She wants a new challenge.
3. A. Mike hasn't bought a cake for Jane.
B. Jane doesn't like the cake Mike bought for her.
C. Mike has eaten all of Jane's cake.
D. Jane has eaten all of Mike's cake.
4. A. She says he should choose the smaller shirt.
B. She says he should choose the larger shirt.
C. She says he should choose a black shirt.
D. She says he definitely doesn't need a shirt.
5. A. Yes, this month.
B. We don't know.
C. Yes, but not till next month.
D. No, she isn't.
6. A. Because having a relative there could be helpful if she moves there.
B. Because he wants to stay at her uncle's house.
C. Because he thinks Jane might not have thought about this point.
D. Because he is also going to Yokohama.
7. A. She thinks it isn't necessary.
B. She thinks it is too expensive.
C. She thinks it will be useful for playing games.
D. She thinks it will be useful for college.
8. A. No, he didn't.
B. He couldn't tell because it was snowing all the time.
C. He couldn't tell because it was raining all the time.
D. Yes, he did.

9. A. He hopes to go with Jane to Danny's house.
B. He doesn't have any hope for this weekend.
C. He hopes Danny will come to his and Jane's house.
D. He hopes Danny will go to the beach with Jane and him.

10. A. We don't know.
B. Mike's invitation.
C. Jane's favorite movie.
D. Yuki's favorite movie.

I. B. 英語の文が1回だけ読まれますから、よく注意して聴いてください。そして、その文に内容が最も近いものをA～Dの中から一つ選び、記号で答えてください。まずはじめに練習をします。

例 Jane went to the movies with her friend.
(以下の設問では問題文は書かれていません。)
そして問題用紙に、

- A. Jane went to the movies alone.
B. Jane's friend went to the movies without her.
C. Jane went to her friend's movie.
D. Jane and her friend went to the movies.

とあれば、今聴いた内容に最も近いのはDですから、解答欄にDと書きます。
朗読は1回、解答の時間も短いので、注意して聴いてください。それでは、始めます。

1. A. The dog usually gets a walk in the morning before I eat.
B. The dog sometimes eats breakfast with me before we go for a walk.
C. When the dog eats breakfast, I am often out walking.
D. When I am walking the dog, I eat breakfast, too.
2. A. Paul works on the train, and reads the paper.
B. Paul reads the paper when he comes home on the train.
C. While Paul is going to work by train, he reads the paper.
D. While Paul is coming back from training, he reads the paper.
3. A. You can't open a window without asking the teacher first.
B. You can't ask a teacher if it's okay to open a window.
C. If you open a window, you then need to ask a teacher.
D. Teachers don't like opening windows, so don't ask them to do this.
4. A. The new boy's seat is right behind Alice.
B. Alice's seat is right in front of the new boy.
C. Alice's seat is to the right of the new boy.
D. Alice's seat is to the left of the new boy.
5. A. Driving is not easy, but you can quickly become good at it.
B. Driving is not easy, and you will never be good at it.
C. Driving is not easy, but with time you can become good at it.
D. Driving is easy if you have become good at it.
6. A. I will not be able to make this dish, because I don't have the recipe.
B. I will not be able to make this dish, because I have to go shopping.
C. I will not be able to make this dish, because I don't have the skill.
D. I will not be able to make this dish, because I don't have the food I need.

7.
 - A. Older cars don't have air conditioning.
 - B. Older cars don't have the same good functions as newer cars.
 - C. Newer cars are not any different from older cars.
 - D. Newer cars work better when the air is cooler.

8.
 - A. Kagoshima was named after a kind of orange.
 - B. A kind of orange was named after the old name for Kagoshima.
 - C. British people eat a kind of orange called Kagoshima.
 - D. People in Kagoshima and the U.K. are fond of oranges.

9.
 - A. The way I live would change a lot if I won some money.
 - B. The way I live is possible because I have a lot of money.
 - C. The way I live does not depend on me having a lot of money.
 - D. I live for money, and I want a lot of it.

10.
 - A. The only way to learn is to try not to make mistakes.
 - B. The only way to learn is to make as many mistakes as possible.
 - C. Learning is likely to involve making mistakes.
 - D. Learning is unlikely to involve making mistakes.

II. 次の各文の () に入れるのに最もふさわしい語をA~Dの中から一つ選び、記号で答えてください。

1. You () to Nancy's birthday party. It was great.
A. come B. should come C. have come D. should have come
2. Yesterday the girl came to school, () by her father.
A. accompany B. accompanying C. accompanied D. to accompany
3. I will start at ten o'clock if it () raining by that time.
A. stop B. stopped C. has stopped D. stopping
4. She listens to me () story I tell.
A. whoever B. whatever C. wherever D. whenever
5. Unfortunately () three thousand people died in the disaster.
A. no less than B. no more than C. no other than D. not more than
6. "Can you imagine her () a speech in front of a lot of people?" "No, I can't. She is so shy."
A. make B. making C. to make D. made
7. You look pale. You should see the doctor ().
A. carefully B. cautiously C. slowly D. immediately
8. The man is respected because he has () to the development of our town.
A. attracted B. accustomed C. distributed D. contributed
9. She was put in () of the new employees.
A. charge B. change C. responsible D. task
10. We have to keep in () that social-distancing is important.
A. heart B. head C. mind D. spirit

III. 次の文章を読んで、質問に答えてください。(*印は後ろに注があることを示しています。)

Sugar! We all know what it is, right? We should. It is in a lot of ingredients and dishes that we eat every day. We probably all have an opinion about sugar. For example, "I love it!", "It makes this food taste better!", "I can't stop eating it!", "I hate it! or I have to go to the dentist because I eat too much sugar!" There are both positive and negative opinions on sugar, but what about the science behind it? Is sugar something we should just enjoy, or is it definitely bad for our health? The answers to these questions also have positive and negative points.

First, what is sugar? Sugar is a common name for a type of *carbohydrate. They have a sweet taste. Sugar can be present naturally in food. For example, fruit usually has quite a lot of sugar. However, sugar can also be added by people themselves and sweets companies. Some sugar types include *glucose and *fructose. There are many more than just these two examples. Most plants contain some type of sugar. Again, fruits have a lot of sugar naturally. But a lot of food has extra sugar added to the ingredients. This extra sugar also usually comes from plants, for example, (1)high fructose corn syrup is a very common added ingredient in most American foods. It comes (2) _____ corn.

As we can see, sugar is usually in any food we eat. Every day, nearly everyone in the world, eats sugar in some way, so why should we talk or think about it? The reason is that we have also been told that sugar is bad for our health and that we should eat less of it. It damages our teeth, and can cause or affect illnesses such as heart disease, *obesity and diabetes. Recently, studies have shown that the more sugar people eat, the more likely they are to become obese. The USA is famous for super-sized and super sweet food choices, but it is also famous for the fact that over 40% of its population is obese. While this doesn't look good for sugar, it is not a simple situation. Obesity can be caused by eating too much of anything, not just sugar. People everywhere are living longer, so it is much more likely that they will get illnesses such as diabetes and heart disease. That's not always because of sugar. (3) _____, most people are not as active as before. There are now a lot of desk jobs where people sit most of the time. It is easy to become overweight when we are not active. Again, this is not really sugar's fault. But still, sugar has a very bad image.

Most children have been told to eat their fruits and vegetables. It's good for everyone's (4) _____! But children, (and adults) have also been told that sugar is bad for us. So how can we eat fruits and vegetables, which have a lot of sugar, and still be healthy? The key points here seem to be the amount of food we eat, and what we eat. Some people have food allergies. Allergies to nuts and shrimp, for example, are quite common. Some scientists think that some people may be sensitive to particular types of sugar. On the other hand, sugars contained in yoghurt (yes, there is a lot of natural sugar in yoghurt, and all milk products!) are usually quite good for peoples' stomachs.

However, high fructose corn syrup, which is found in most American candies and sweets, has been connected to stomach problems and negative effects on mood. Companies must put a list of ingredients on their food in most countries. Some companies however, don't give enough of this information. It is up to us all to be responsible with our food choices and listen to our bodies if we have any problems with food.

And so, in conclusion, sugar is a simple carbohydrate, but it's not a simple topic. We cannot blame sugar for all health problems. Eating too much of anything is bad for us. However, it is also important to enjoy food and treat ourselves when we need to! Education is very important for understanding the human body and also what is in the food we eat. It is also useful for making healthy choices so that we can enjoy living our lives.

*carbohydrate 炭水化物

*glucose ぶどう糖

*fructose 果糖

*obese/obesity 肥満

1. What is true about the first paragraph?

- A. People should eat sugar at all times.
- B. People shouldn't eat sugar at any time.
- C. Sugar is a big topic, but it is easy to learn about it.
- D. Sugar is a big topic, and there are many different opinions about it.

2. What does (1) high fructose corn syrup mean in the second paragraph?

- A. It refers to a different type of sugar that is not a carbohydrate.
- B. It refers to a sugar that is added to food.
- C. It refers to a special dish that uses corn.
- D. It refers to health problems.

3. Choose the correct verb phrase for (2) in the second paragraph.

- A. from
- B. to
- C. by
- D. in

4. Why does sugar have a bad image?

- A. Sugar always causes health problems and people really shouldn't eat it at all.
- B. Dentists have always said that sugar was responsible for all health problems.
- C. People have been told that sugar is bad for them.
- D. Only sugar causes obesity, diabetes and heart disease.

5. Choose the best word for (3) to start the sentence.

- A. In the past
- B. Fortunately
- C. Whenever
- D. These days

6. What can you tell from the fourth paragraph about some health problems that sugar has been blamed for?

- A. Added sugar, and the amount of food people eat can cause health problems.
- B. Sugar in food is always the reason for health problems.
- C. Recent research has shown that added sugar is actually good for you.
- D. There is never a list of ingredients on food, so countries should start doing this.

7. Choose the best word for (4) to complete the sentence.

- A. eye
- B. skin
- C. wealth
- D. health

8. Which is the true sentence?

- A. Governments must help people choose their food, so that they make healthy choices.
- B. People can eat sugar, but it is their responsibility to take care of their own health.
- C. People must not eat sugar, and governments should do something to stop sugar.
- D. Sugar in food and people's allergies are always connected.

9. What is the best advice according to the text?

- A. People should not worry about sugar in their food at all. It's not that bad for them.
- B. People should wait for the government to show a list of ingredients on their food and make healthy choices based on what they know.
- C. People should know about what is in their food, and should make healthy choices based on what they know.
- D. People should always worry about the sugar content in food. It is really bad for them.

10. What is the best title for this article?

- A. Let's Eat Ice Cream!
- B. A Diet Is Never A Good Idea
- C. Sugar: An Interesting Debate
- D. Sugar: Why You Should Never Eat It

IV. 以下の Topic について、あなたの意見とその理由を英語で書いてください。

- POINTS は理由を書く際の参考となる観点を示したものです。ただし、これら以外の観点から理由を書いてもかまいません。
- 語数の目安は 80～100 語です。最後に語数を数えて記入してください。

TOPIC

Some people say that online classes are not as good as regular classes. What do you think about this? (80–100 words)

POINTS

- Face-to-face communication
- Technology problems
- Convenience
- Safety